INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

Business Registration Certificate

No. 4103005338 dated 29 September 2006 which was initially issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City and the 18th amendment dated 23 May 2016

Board of Management

Mr. Phung Tuan Ha
Mr. Vu Tien Duong
Mr. Pham Quang Huy
Ms. Le Thi Chien
Ms. Pham Thi Hong Diep
Mr. Chairman
Member
Member
Member

Board of Supervision

Mr. Phan Khac Vinh
Mr. Le Anh Quoc
Ms. Nguyen Thi My Dung

Member

Member

Board of Directors

Mr. Vu Tien Duong
Mr. Bui Anh Dung
Ms. Pham Thi Hong Diep
Mr. Nguyen Thanh Tu
Mr. Phan Quang Tuan Anh
General Director
Deputy General Director
Deputy General Director
Deputy General Director

Legal representative

Mr. Phung Tuan Ha

Chairman

Registered office

6th Floor, PetroVietnam Tower, No. 1 - 5 Le Duan Street, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

Auditor

PwC (Vietnam) Limited

STATEMENT OF THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CHAIRMAN IN RESPECT OF THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Chairman of the Board of Management ("the Chairman") of PetroVietnam General Services Joint Stock Company ("the Parent Company") is responsible for preparing the interim consolidated financial statements of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries (collectively known as "the Corporation") which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Corporation as at 30 June 2017, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the six-month period then ended. In preparing these interim consolidated financial statements, the Chairman is required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the interim consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Corporation will continue in business.

The Chairman is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Corporation and which enable the interim consolidated financial statements to be prepared which comply with the basis of accounting set out in Note 2 to the interim consolidated financial statements. The Chairman is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Corporation and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

APPROVAL OF THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I hereby approve the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements as set out on pages 5 to 55 which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Corporation as at 30 June 2017 and of the results of its operations and its cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable of the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable of the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable of the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable of the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting System and applicable of the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting System and applicable of the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting System and applicable of the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting System and applicable of the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting System and applicable of the six-month period th

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Phung Tuan Ha Chairman

Ho Chi Minh City, SR Vietnam 14 August 2017



REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION TO THE SHAREHOLDERS AND BOARD OF MANAGEMENT OF PETROVIETNAM GENERAL SERVICES JOINT STOCK COMPANY

We have reviewed the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements of PetroVietnam General Services Joint Stock Company (the Parent company) and its subsidiaries (collectively known as "the Corporation") which were prepared on 30 June 2017 and approved by the Chairman on 14 August 2017. The interim consolidated financial statements comprise the interim consolidated balance sheet as at 30 June 2017, the interim consolidated income statement and the interim consolidated cash flow statement for the six-month period then ended, and explanatory notes to these interim consolidated financial statements including significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 10 to 55.

The Chairman's Responsibility to the interim consolidated Financial Statements

The Chairman is responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of interim consolidated financial statements and for such internal control which the Chairman determines is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the interim consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim consolidated financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Vietnamese Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity."

A review of interim consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at 30 June 2017, its financial performance and cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of interim consolidated financial statements.

For and on behalf of PwC (Vietnam) Limited

Mai Viet Hung Tran

Audit Practising Licence No. 0048-2017-006-1

Authorised signatory

Report reference number: HCM6394 Ho Chi Minh City, 14 August 2017

As indicated in Note 2.1 to the interim consolidated financial statements, the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than SR Vietnam, and furthermore their utilisation is not designed for those who are not informed about SR Vietnam's accounting principles, procedures and practices.

Form B 01 - DN/HN

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

			As at		
		÷-	30.6.2017	31.12.2016	
Code	ASSETS	Note	VND	VND	
100	CURRENT ASSETS		4,226,939,717,751	4,741,485,264,868	
110	Cash and cash equivalents	3	1,266,226,813,547	1,694,402,253,760	
111	Cash		197,762,814,003	388,862,253,760	
112	Cash equivalents		1,068,463,999,544	1,305,540,000,000	
120	Short-term investment		7,500,000,000	13,500,000,000	
123	Investments held to maturity	4(a)	7,500,000,000	13,500,000,000	
130	Short-term receivables		1,766,580,187,088	1,631,677,896,355	
131	Short-term trade accounts receivable	5	1,517,537,897,603	1,425,783,612,685	
132	Short-term prepayments to suppliers	6	104,299,917,935	76,220,418,183	
136	Other short-term receivables	7	189,442,926,196	173,194,455,448	
137	Provision for doubtful debts - short term	8	(45,362,836,285)	(44,259,869,663)	
139	Shortage of assets awaiting resolution		662,281,639	739,279,702	
140	Inventories	9	768,414,696,250	969,659,943,435	
141	Inventories		784,503,259,248	985,760,389,976	
149	Provision for decline in value of inventories		(16,088,562,998)	(16,100,446,541)	
150	Other current assets		418,218,020,866	432,245,171,318	
151	Short-term prepaid expenses		10,648,388,656	6,617,348,798	
152	Value Added Tax to be reclaimed		402,203,554,397	423,299,760,670	
153	Other taxes receivable	10(a)	5,366,077,813	2,328,061,850	

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

			As at		
		-	30.6.2017	31.12.2016	
Code	ASSETS (continued)	Note	VND	VND	
200	LONG-TERM ASSETS		1,478,330,829,611	1,485,521,151,402	
210	Long-term receivables		9,596,712,525	5,308,517,717	
211	Long-term trade accounts receivable		-	1,256,100,000	
216	Other long-term receivables		9,596,712,525	4,052,417,717	
220	Fixed assets		222,559,544,315	233,964,209,561	
221	Tangible fixed assets	11(a)	119,548,850,943	130,931,767,076	
222	Cost		340,192,262,896	339,681,880,486	
223	Accumulated depreciation		(220,643,411,953)	(208,750,113,410)	
227	Intangible fixed assets	11(b)	103,010,693,372	103,032,442,485	
228	Cost		106,982,807,737	106,704,875,769	
229	Accumulated amortisation		(3,972,114,365)	(3,672,433,284)	
230	Investment properties	12	891,843,195,123	915,227,460,670	
231	Cost		934,841,178,219	934,696,415,019	
232	Accumulated depreciation		(42,997,983,096)	(19,468,954,349)	
240	Long-term asset in progress		101,488,912,428	77,085,251,139	
242	Construction in progress	13	101,488,912,428	77,085,251,139	
250	Long-term investments	4	35,930,098,846	37,063,714,702	
252	Investment in associates	4(b)	15,770,098,846	16,903,714,702	
253	Investment in other entities	4(c)	22,160,000,000	22,160,000,000	
254	Provision for long-term investments		(2,000,000,000)	(2,000,000,000)	
260	Other long-term assets		216,912,366,374	216,871,997,613	
261	Long-term prepaid expenses	14	202,184,622,495	201,267,567,590	
262	Deferred income tax assets	22	189,110,129	189,110,129	
269	Goodwill	15	14,538,633,750	15,415,319,894	
270	TOTAL ASSETS		5,705,270,547,362	6,227,006,416,270	

The notes on pages 10 to 55 are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

			As a	t
		-	30.6.2017	31.12.2016
Code	RESOURCES	Note	VND	VND (As restated – Note 43)
300	LIABILITIES		3,972,122,827,106	4,582,547,844,658
310	Short-term liabilities		3,534,668,228,869	4,162,315,961,176
311	Short-term trade accounts payable	16	1,002,608,589,010	1,446,414,809,155
312 313	Short-term advances from customers Taxes and other payables to the		14,223,057,361	19,037,977,620
	State Budget	10(b)	20,092,851,589	21,287,963,647
314	Payable to employees		69,263,626,623	64,202,977,309
315	Short-term accrued expenses	17	80,420,624,391	72,948,847,410
318	Short-term unearned revenue	18(a)	40,947,145,419	30,362,744,050
319	Other short-term payables	19	86,061,552,911	140,627,818,410
320	Short-term borrowings	20(a)	2,156,979,293,922	2,302,634,027,522
322	Bonus and welfare fund		64,071,487,643	64,798,796,053
330	Long-term liabilities		437,454,598,237	420,231,883,482
336	Long-term unearned revenue	18(b)	88,636,363,643	102,350,533,942
337	Other long-term payables	21	57,326,241,404	66,576,995,606
338	Long-term borrowings	20(b)	291,491,993,190	251,304,353,934
400	OWNERS' EQUITY		1,733,147,720,256	1,644,458,571,612
410	Capital and reserves		1,733,147,720,256	1,644,458,571,612
411	Owners' capital	23, 24	866,001,240,000	866,001,240,000
411a	 Ordinary shares with voting rights 		866,001,240,000	866,001,240,000
412	Share premium	24	133,918,052,614	133,918,052,614
414	Owners' other capital	24	56,740,087,775	56,740,087,775
415	Treasury shares	24	(35,523,322,342)	(35,523,322,342)
418	Investment and development fund	24	172,453,174,126	172,453,174,126
421	Undistributed earnings	24	339,451,908,337	270,142,492,969
421a	 Undistributed post-tax profits of the 			
	previous years		261,568,850,094	126,460,602,490
421b	 Post-tax profit of the current period/ 		77,883,058,243	143,681,890,479
429	Non-controlling interests	25	200,106,579,746	180,726,846,470
440	TOTAL RESOURCES		5,705,270,547,362	6,227,006,416,270
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Ha Van Phuong Preparer Nguyen Thi Thanh Chief Accountant Phung Tuan Ha Chairman 14 August 2017

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

			For the six-month period ended	
			30.6.2017	30.6.2016
Code		Note	VND	VND
01	Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services		4,750,628,901,118	4,891,969,487,105
02	Less deductions		(53,943,713,566)	(93,478,046,253)
10	Net revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	29	4,696,685,187,552	4,798,491,440,852
11	Cost of goods sold and services rendered	30	(4,340,941,649,706)	(4,463,236,735,530)
20	Gross profit		355,743,537,846	335,254,705,322
21 22 23	Financial income Financial expenses - Including: Interest expense Share of loss from	31 32	29,703,094,718 (53,527,642,187) (49,849,271,347)	28,780,617,129 (43,978,377,477) (38,179,184,198)
24 25 26	investments in associates Selling expenses General and administration expenses	4(b) 33 34	(1,133,615,856) (120,982,453,502) (93,742,861,960)	(564,486,006) (121,238,516,760) (67,733,974,194)
30	Net operating profit		116,060,059,059	130,519,968,014
31 32 40	Other income Other expenses Net other income/(expenses)	35	8,640,378,627 (3,649,258,503) 4,991,120,124	5,629,998,221 (7,868,752,408) (2,238,754,187)
50	Net accounting profit before tax		121,051,179,183	128,281,213,827
51	Business income tax – current	36	(24,433,920,805)	(23,246,272,332)
60	Net profit after tax		96,617,258,378	105,034,941,495
61 62	Attributable to: Shareholders of the Parent Compa Non-controlling interests	ny	77,883,058,2 18,734,200,135	86,120,675,754 18,914,265,741
70	Earnings per share	28	884	996
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Ha Van Phuong Preparer Nguyen Thi Thanh Chief Accountant Phung Tuan Ha Chairman 14 August 2017

TổNG CÔNG TY

The notes on pages 10 to 55 are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Indirect method)

			For the six-month	period ended
			30.6.2017	30.6.2016
Code		Note	VND	VND
	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
01	Net profit before tax Adjustments for:		121,051,179,183	128,281,213,827
02	Depreciation, amortisation and goodwill allocation	37	38,734,254,079	16,295,348,497
03	Provisions	37	1,091,083,079	(16,988,381,848)
04	Unrealised foreign exchange losses			1,336,924
05	Profits from investing activities		(27,072,240,192)	(19,005,507,526)
06	Interest expense	32	49,849,271,347	38,179,184,198
08	Operating profit before changes in working capital		183,653,547,496	146,763,194,072
			(94,049,165,420)	102,594,653,618
09	(Increase)/decrease in receivables		201,257,130,728	375,770,723,791
10	Decrease in inventories			(365,804,087,833)
11	Decrease in payables		(489,244,410,257)	
12	(Increase)/decrease in prepaid expenses		(4,948,094,763)	3,015,829,215
14	Interest paid		(53,582,344,517)	(38,800,903,452)
15	Business income tax paid	10	(27,551,806,956)	(28,707,015,785)
17	Other payments on operating activities		(9,473,271,145)	(11,733,324,125)
20	Net cash (outflows)/inflows from operating			
	activities		(293,938,414,834)	183,099,069,501
	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
21	Purchases and construction of fixed assets and			
	other long-term assets		(27,572,679,803)	(307,491,572,568)
22	Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets and other		, , , , ,	
24	long-term assets		475,257,565	2,222,550,381
24	Investments in term deposits		6,000,000,000	
27	Dividends and interest income received		-	15,066,138,995
30	Net cash outflows from investing activities		(21,097,422,238)	(290,202,883,192)
00			(,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
31	Proceeds from issuance of shares	24, 25		22,850,000,000
33	Proceeds from borrowings	39(b)	2,997,129,106,977	2,886,924,990,227
34	Repayments of borrowings	39(c)	(3,102,596,201,321)	(2,808,574,019,826)
36	Dividends paid	28	(9,262,281,797)	(84,682,044,652)
40	Net cash (outflows)/inflows from financing			
	activities		(113,139,603,141)	16,518,925,749
50	Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(428,175,440,213)	(90,584,887,942)
60	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	4	1,694,402,253,760	1,461,210,798,980
61	Effect of foreign exchange differences			(1,336,924)
			2018	
70	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	4	1,266,226,803,547	1,370,624,574,114
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Ha Van Phuong Preparer Nguyen Thi Thanh Chief Accountant Phung Tuan Ha Chairman 14 August 2017

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

PetroVietnam General Services Joint Stock Company ("the Parent Company") was established in SR Vietnam pursuant to Business Registration Certificate No. 4103005338 dated 29 September 2006 and the 18th amendment dated 23 May 2016 which were issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City. The Parent Company was transformed from PetroVietnam Tourism and Services Company, a wholly State-owned subsidiary of Vietnam Oil and Gas Group ("PetroVietnam").

The Parent Company's shares were officially listed on Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange ("HOSE") on 12 September 2007 with symbol "PET" pursuant to Decision No. 94/QD-SGDHCM issued by the General Director of HOSE on 13 August 2007.

The principal activities of the Corporation (the Parent Company and its subsidiaries) include:

- Trading plastic resins, textile fibers, and cassava;
- Support and management services;
- Lease of warehouse, workshops, premises, office;
- Wholesale of computers and equipment;
- Trading of telecommunication equipment;
- Supply of specialised materials and equipment in oil and gas industry;
- Heavy transportation and lifting services;
- Catering services and commodities for oil and gas industry;
- LPG trading and distributing, gas filling;
- Real estate trading and management;
- Property management (office, hotel, residential); and
- Processing electronic components, IT and communications equipment.

The normal business cycle of the Corporation is within 12 months.

As at 30 June 2017, the Corporation had 2,351 employees (31 December 2016: 2,375 employees).

As at 30 June 2017, the Corporation had 14 direct subsidiaries, 2 indirect subsidiaries, 1 direct associate and 1 indirect associate as follows:

No.	Name	Principal activities	Place of incorporation and operation	Total % of voting right	Total % of ownership
L.	Direct subsidiaries				
1	Petroleum General Distribution Services Joint Stock Company ("PSD")	Distribution of telecom, electronic equipment	HCMC	80.02%	80.02%
2	Petroleum Offshore Trading and Services Joint Stock Company ("POTS")	Trading and rendering services	HCMC	60%	60%
3	Petrosetco Vung Tau General Services Joint Stock Company ("PSV")	Rendering services	Vung Tau	70%	70%

Form B 09 - DN/HN

1 GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

No.	Name	Principal activities	Place of incorporation and operation	Total % of voting right	Total % of ownership
ı.	Direct subsidiaries (continued)				
4	Mien Trung Petroleum Services and Trading Joint Stock Company ("PSMT")	Trading and rendering services	Quang Ngai	99.79%	99.79%
5	Petrosetco Assets Management Joint Stock Company ("PSA")	Operating in property management and services	Ha Noi	78.61%	78.61%
6	Petrosetco SSG Company Limited ("PSSSG")	Real estates	HCMC	51%	21%
7	Smart Convergence Joint Stock Company ("Smartcom")	Distributing equipment, electronic, components, peripheral devices, software	НСМС	55%	55%
8	Petroleum Retail Services Joint Stock Company ("PSR")	Retail of mobile phones	HCMC	75%	72.74%
9	Vietnam Petroleum Logistics Services Joint Stock Company ("PSL")	Marine transportation service	HCMC	44%	44%
10	Petroleum High Technology Products Distribution Joint Stock Company ("PHTD")	Distributing equipment, electronic components, peripheral devices	HCMC	56%	56%
11	ASSA Technology Joint Stock Company ("ASSA")	Processing electronic and telecommunication equipment	HCMC	100%	100%
12	Petrosetco - ALE Heavy Transportation and Lifting Joint-stock Company ("Petrosetco - Ale")	Providing heavy transportation and lifting services	НСМС	51%	51%
13	Petroleum Trading Services Company Limited ("PST") (**)	Stopped operation and under liquidation process	HCMC	100%	100%
14	Petroleum Saigon General Services Company Limited ("PSG") (**)	Stopped operation and under liquidation process	HCMC	100%	100%
II.	Indirect subsidiaries				
1	Binh Minh Electronics Refrigeration Joint Stock Company ("Binh Minh")	Trading in electronic devices, refrigeration appliances, electronic household appliances	HCMC	51%	40.81%
2	Nha Trang Petroleum Services Trading Company Limited ("Nha Trang PST")	Wholesale of solid, liquid and gaseous fuels and related products 11		100%	99.79%

Form B 09 - DN/HN

1 GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

No.	Name	Principal activities	Place of incorporation and operation	Total % of voting right	Total % of ownership
111.	Direct associate				
1	Petro Tower Limited Company	Office leasing service	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	24%	24%
IV.	Indirect associate				
1	Vietecom Digital Trade and Investment Joint Stock Company (***)	Trading electronic components, information technology, technology transfer services, delivery services	Ha Noi	20%	16%

- (*) As at 30 June 2017, although the Parent Company's voting right at PSL was only 44%, the Parent Company still had the authority to exercise its power over the financial and operational policies of PSL via the representatives in the Board of Directors of PSL. Therefore, the Parent Company controlled PSL and PSL has been classified and presented consequently as a subsidiary of the Parent Company for the consolidation purpose.
- (**) According to Decisions No. 313/QD-DVTHDK-HDQT and Decisions No. 314/QD-DVTHDK-HDQT dated 26 December 2011, the Corporation's Board of Management decided to dissolve PST and PSG from 1 January 2012. Currently, PST and PSG are under tax finalisation with the tax authorities for dissolution. From 2012 until now, the two companies have had no business activities operated.
- (***) The liquidation of Vietecom is in progress.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of interim consolidated financial statements

The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of interim consolidated financial statements. The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam. The accounting principles and practices utilised in Vietnam may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam.

2.2 Fiscal year

The Corporation's fiscal year is from 1 January to 31 December. The interim consolidated financial statements are prepared for the 6-month period from 1 January to 30 June.

2.3 Currency

The interim consolidated financial statements are measured and presented using Vietnamese Dong ("VND").

Transactions arising in foreign currencies are translated at an exchange rate which is the rate approximating the average transfer exchange rate of the buying and selling rates of the commercial bank where the Corporation regularly trades. The Corporation ensures that the disparity of the approximate exchange rate does not exceed +/- 1% compared with the average transfer exchange rate. The average transfer exchange rate is determined monthly based on the average between the daily buying transfer rate and selling transfer rate of the commercial bank. Foreign exchange differences arising from these translations are recognised in the income statement.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the transfer rate at the balance sheet date of the commercial bank where the Corporation regularly trades. The transfer rate is the buying rate or selling rate of the commercial bank. Foreign exchange differences arising from these translations are recognised in the income statement.

2.4 Basis of consolidation

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities over which the Corporation has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Corporation controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Corporation. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Corporation. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any non-controlling interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Corporation's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains and losses on transactions between Corporation companies are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Corporation.

Non-controlling transactions and interests

The Corporation applies a policy of treating transactions with non-controlling interests as transactions with external parties to the Corporation.

Non-controlling interests are measured at their proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at date of acquisition.

Changes in the Corporation's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as transactions with owners. The difference between the change in the Corporation's share of net assets of the subsidiary and any consideration paid or received is recorded directly in the undistributed earnings under equity.

2.4 Basis of consolidation (continued)

Associates

Associates are entities over which the Corporation has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost. The Corporation's investment in associates includes goodwill identified on acquisition, net of any accumulated impairment loss.

The Corporation's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in the interim consolidated income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in consolidated reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Corporation's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, the Corporation does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Corporation.

Unrealised gains and losses on transactions between the Corporation and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Corporation's interest in the associates. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Corporation.

2.5 Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Corporation's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary/ associate at the date of acquisition as accordance with current accounting requirements. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is recognised as an asset and is amortised on the straight-line basis over its estimated period of benefit but not exceed 10 years.

Goodwill on acquisitions of investments in associates is included in the carrying amount of the investments at the date of acquisition. The Corporation does not amortise this goodwill.

On disposal of the investments in subsidiaries or associates, the attributable amount of unamortised goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on the disposal.

Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated amortisation less accumulated impairment losses. If there is evidence that the impairment during the year is higher than the annual goodwill charge, the Corporation records the impairment immediately in the accounting period.

2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash at bank, cash in transit, demand deposits and other short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

2.7 Trade receivables

Trade receivables are carried at the original invoice amount less an estimate made for doubtful receivables based on a review by the Chairman of all outstanding amounts at the year end. Bad debts are written off when identified.

2.8 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by the weighted average method and includes all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the normal course of business, less the estimated costs of completion (if any) and selling expenses. Provision is made, where necessary, for obsolete, slow-moving and defective inventory items.

2.9 Investments

(a) Investments held-to-maturity

Investments held to maturity are investments which the Chairman has positive intention and ability to hold until maturity.

Investments held-to-maturity include term deposits, treasury bills, bonds, callable preference shares which should be repurchased by issuer at certain time in the future, loans held-to-maturity for interest earning and other held-to-maturity investments. Those investments are accounted for at cost less provision.

Provision for diminution in value of investments held to maturity is made when there is evidence that part or the whole of the investment is uncollectible.

(b) Investments in equity of other entities

Investments in equity of other entities are investments in equity instruments of other entities without controlling rights or co-controlling rights, or without significant influence over the investee. These investments are initially recorded at cost. Provision for diminution in value of these investments is made at year-end, except when the loss was anticipated in their business plan before the date of investment.

2.10 Fixed assets

Tangible and intangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation/ amortisation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the fixed assets.

Depreciation and amortisation

Fixed assets are depreciated and amortised using the straight-line method so as to write off the cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives. The principal annual rates used are:

Buildings	2% - 20%
Machinery and equipment	8% - 33%
Motor vehicles	10% - 20%
Office equipment	10% - 33%
Computer software	33%

Land use rights with indefinite useful life are recorded at historical cost and are not amortised.

Disposals

Gains or losses on disposals are determined by comparing net disposal proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised as income or expense in the income statement.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.10 Fixed assets (continued)

Construction in progress

Properties in the course of construction for production, rental or administrative purposes, or for purposes not yet determined, are carried at cost. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs are dealt with in accordance with the Corporation's accounting policy. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other fixed assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

2.11 Leased assets

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

2.12 Investment properties

Cost of an investment property means the amount of cash or cash equivalents paid or the fair value of other consideration given to acquire the investment property at the time of its acquisition or completion of construction.

Depreciation

Investment properties are depreciated on the straight-line method to write off the cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives. The principal annual rate used is:

Land use rights	10%
Buildings	3% - 20%
Equipment	10% - 33%

Disposals

Gains or losses on disposals are determined by comparing net disposal proceeds with the net book value and are recognised as income or expense in the income statement.

2.13 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses include short-term or long-term prepayments on the balance sheet and are mainly prepaid office rental, prepaid warehouse rental. Prepaid expenses are recorded at historical cost and allocated to expenses using the straight line method over the allocation period.

The cost of Liquefied Petroleum Gas ("LPG") cylinders is allocated into interim consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over 10 years, in accordance with Circular No. 118/2010/TT-BTC dated 10 August 2010 of the Ministry of Finance governing the Financial and Taxation regimes with regard to entities trading LPG cylinders.

2.14 Payables

Classifications of payables are based on their nature as follows:

- Trade accounts payable are trade payables arising from purchase of goods and services.
- Other payables including non-trade payables, and not relating to purchase of goods and services.

Payables are classified into long-term and short-term payables on the balance sheet based on remaining period from the balance sheet date to the maturity date.

2.15 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the construction or production of any qualifying assets are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. Other borrowing costs are recognised in the income statement when incurred.

2.16 Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses include liabilities for goods and services received in the period but not yet paid due to pending invoice or insufficient records and documents. Accrued expenses are recorded as expenses in the reporting period.

2.17 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when: the Corporation has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provision is not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. If the time value of money is material, provision will be measured at the present value using a pretax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as an interest expense.

2.18 Unearned revenue

Unearned revenue mainly comprises the amounts that customers paid in advance for one or many accounting periods for asset leases. The Corporation records unearned revenue for the future obligations that the Corporation has to conduct.

2.19 Share capital

(a) Ordinary shares

Contributed capital of the shareholders is recorded according to actual amount contributed. Contributions from owners are recorded according to par value of the share.

b) Share premium

Share premium is the difference between the par value and the issue price of shares and the difference between the repurchase price and re-issuing price of treasury shares.

(c) Treasury shares

Treasury shares are shares issued by the Corporation and bought-back by itself, but these are not cancelled and shall be re-issued in the period in accordance with the Law on securities

(d) Undistributed earnings

Undistributed earnings record the Corporation's results after business income tax at the reporting date.

(e) Other capital

Other capital shall be recorded in owners' other capital at the reporting date.

2.20 Appropriation of net profit

Net profit after income tax could be distributed to shareholders after approval at General Meeting, and after appropriation to other funds in accordance with the Corporation's charter and Vietnamese regulations.

Dividend of the Corporation is recognised as a liability in the Corporation's interim consolidated financial statements based on the date before ex-dividend date.

The Corporation's funds are as below:

(a) Investment and development fund

Investment and development fund is appropriated from net profit of the Corporation and approved by shareholders in the General Meeting. This fund is used for expanding and developing the business of the Corporation.

(b) Bonus and welfare fund

The bonus and welfare fund is appropriated from the Corporation's net profit and subject to shareholders' approval at the General Meeting. This fund is used for rewarding and encouraging, enhancing the physical and mental well-being of the employees.

2.21 Revenue recognition

(a) Sales of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised in the income statement when all five (5) following conditions are satisfied:

- The Corporation has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership
 of the goods;
- The Corporation retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Corporation; and
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due or the possible return of goods.

Revenue is recognised based on principle of "substance over form" and allocated to each sales obligation. In case that the Corporation gives promotional goods to customers associated with customers' purchase, the Corporation allocates total consideration received for goods sold and promotional goods. Cost of promotional goods is recognised as cost of sales in the income statement.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.21 Revenue recognition (continued)

(b) Rendering of services

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised in the income statement when the services are rendered, by reference to completion of the specific transaction assessed on the basis of the actual service provided as a proportion of the total services to be provided. Revenue from rendering of services is only recognised when all four (4) following conditions are satisfied:

- · The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Corporation;
- The percentage of completion of the transaction at the balance sheet date can be measured reliably; and
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

(c) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an earned basis, and is determined based on the amount of deposits and their interest rates.

(d) Dividend income

Income from dividend is recognised when the Corporation has established the receiving rights from investees.

(e) Allocation of LPG cylinders deposits

LPG cylinders deposits received from customers are allocated into interim consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over 10 years, which is in line with allocation of LPG cylinders cost (Note 2.13), following Circular No. 118/2010/TT-BTC dated 10 August 2010 of the Ministry of Finance governing the Financial and Taxation regimes with regard to entities trading LPG cylinders.

2.22 Sales deductions

Sales deductions include trade discounts, sales returns and allowances. Sales deductions incurred in the same period of the related sales of products, goods and services are recorded as deduction of revenue of that period.

Sales deductions for products, goods or services which are sold in the period but are incurred after the balance sheet date but before the issuance of the interim consolidated financial statements are recorded as deduction of revenue of the period.

2.23 Cost of goods sold and services rendered

Cost of goods sold or cost of services are cost of finished goods, merchandises, materials sold or services provided during the period, and recorded on the basis of matching with revenue and on prudent concept.

2.24 Financial expenses

Finance expenses are expenses incurred in the period for financial activities including expenses or losses relating to financial investment activity, expenses of lending and borrowing, costs of capital contributed to associates, losses from short-term securities trading, losses from securities selling transactions; provision for diminution in value of trading securities, provision for diminution in value of investments in other entities, losses incurred when selling foreign currencies, losses from foreign exchange differences, and payment discounts.

2.25 Selling expenses

Selling expenses represent expenses that are incurred in the process of selling products, goods, and providing services, which mainly include publicity, display, promotions, advertising expenses, maintenance charges, packaging and transportation.

2.26 General and administration expenses

General and administration expenses represent expenses for administrative purposes which mainly include salary expenses of administrative staffs (salaries, wages, allowances, etc.); social insurance, medical insurance, labour union fees, unemployment insurance of administrative staffs; expenses of office materials, tools and supplies, depreciation of fixed assets used for administration; land rental, licence tax; provision for bad debts; outside services, and other cash expenses.

2.27 Current and deferred income tax

Income taxes include all income taxes which are based on taxable profits including profits generated from production and trading activities in other countries with which the Socialist Republic of Vietnam has not signed any double taxation agreement. Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and deferred tax expense.

Current income tax is the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the current year taxable profits at the current year tax rates. Current and deferred tax should be recognised as an income or an expense and included in the profit or loss of the period, except to the extent that the tax arises from a transaction or event which is recognised, in the same or a different period, directly in equity.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of occurrence affects neither the accounting nor the taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the financial year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.28 Related parties

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with, the Corporation, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the Corporation. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Corporation that gives them significant influence over the Corporation, key management personnel, including Chairman, directors of the Corporation and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

In considering the related party relationship, the Corporation considers the substance of the relationship not merely the legal form.

2.29 Segment reporting

A segment is a component which can be separated by the Corporation engaged in providing products or services (business segment), or providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment). Each segment is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other segments. A reportable segment is the Corporation's business segment.

Segment reporting is prepared and presented in accordance with accounting policies applied to the preparation and presentation of the Corporation's interim consolidated financial statements in order to help users of consolidated financial statements understand and evaluate the Corporation's operations in a comprehensive way.

2.30 Accounting estimates

The preparation of interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of interim consolidated financial statements requires the Chairman to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the interim consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Although these accounting estimates are based on the Chairman's best knowledge, actual results may differ from those estimates and assumptions.

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3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	30.6.2017 VND	31.12.2016 VND
Cash on hand Cash at banks Cash equivalents (*)	5,287,122,277 192,475,691,726 1,068,463,999,544	7,892,234,694 380,970,019,066 1,305,540,000,000
	1,266,226,813,547	1,694,402,253,760

(*) Cash equivalents includes term deposits with the original maturity within three months.

As at 30 June 2017, term deposits at commercial banks with total value of VND22 billion (Note 39(a)) have been pledged with commercial banks as collateral assets for borrowings granted to Industry Construction Corporation (Note 16), a constructor of the Corporation and Smart Convergence Joint Stock Company and Binh Minh Electronics Refrigeration Joint Stock Company, subsidiaries of the Corporation.

4 INVESTMENTS

(a) Investments held to maturity

Investments held to maturity represent VND-term deposits with the original maturity of more than three months and less than one year at commercial banks, with interest rates ranging from 5.6% to 5.7% per annum (31 December 2016: 5.6% to 6% per annum).

(b) Investment in associates

	30.6.2017		31.12.2	016
,_	Cost VND	Carrying value VND	Cost	Carrying value VND
Petro Tower Limited Company	14,359,957,249	15,770,098,846	14,359,957,249	16,050,446,622
Vietecom Digital Trade and Investment Joint Stock Company	853,268,080	-	853,268,080	853,268,080
	15,213,225,329	15,770,098,846	15,213,225,329	16,903,714,702
		W		

Details of the Corporation's associates as at 30 June 2017 are disclosed in Note 1.

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4 INVESTMENTS (continued)

(b) Investment in associates (continued)

Movements in investment in associates are as follows:

	For the	
	6-month	For the year
	period ended	ended
	30.6.2017	31.12.2016
	VND	VND
Beginning of the period/year	16,903,714,702	16,428,759,180
Acquisitions		853,268,080
Share of loss for the period/year	(1,133,615,856)	(378,312,558)
End of period/year	15,770,098,846	16,903,714,702

(c) Investment in other entities

	30.6.2017		31.12.2016				
_	Cost VND	Fair value VND	Provision VND	Cost	Fair value VND	Provision VND	
PetroVietnam Central							
Biofuels Joint Stock							
Company	2,000,000,000	(*)	(2,000,000,000)	2,000,000,000	(*)	(2,000,000,000)	
Vietnam Coolpad							
Co., Ltd	20,160,000,000	(*)	H	20,160,000,000	(*)	æx.	
	22,160,000,000		(2,000,000,000)	22,160,000,000		(2,000,000,000)	

^(*) At the date of report, the fair value of the investment in other entities was not available as these entities are not listed on the Stock Exchange.

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5	SHORT-TERM	TRADE	ACCOUNTS	RECEIVABLE
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	30.6.2017 VND	31.12.2016 VND
Third parties	109 106 050 695	110,341,725,392
Viettronics Corporation	108,496,059,685 75,738,255,939	37,687,183,365
Mobile World Joint Stock Company Icool Technology Limited Company	72,210,248,974	121,214,494,359
Others	1,042,203,434,860	1,045,586,820,267
	1,298,647,999,458	1,314,830,223,383
Related parties (Note 40(b)(i))		
Joint Venture "Vietsovpetro" Nghi Son Refinery and Petrochemical	73,815,201,124	27,607,958,118
Company Limited	33,064,030,915	32,045,013,639
Others	112,010,666,106	51,300,417,545
	218,889,898,145	110,953,389,302
	1,517,537,897,603	1,425,783,612,685
6 SHORT-TERM PREPAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS		
	30.6.2017	31.12.2016
	VND	VND
Third parties		
Tan Lien Phat Investment and Construstion	40 000 000 000	10 005 156 602
Joint Stock Company	42,662,223,802	42,025,456,603
Cuu Long Petroleum and Maritime Services	17 2/2 250 000	_
Trading Company Limited	17,243,250,000 9,645,782,803	6,612,510,000
Itel Mobile Limited Others	33,397,651,772	27,582,451,580
Others		
	102,948,908,377	76,220,418,183
Related parties (Note 40(b)(v))	1,351,009,558	×=
	104,299,917,935	76,220,418,183

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7	OTHER	SHORT-TERM	RECEIVABLES
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	30.6.2017 VND	31.12.2016 VND
Receivables from trade discounts	59,405,396,671	66,412,185,181
Interest income receivable	2,195,870,121	7,572,079,938
Other receivables from suppliers	81,646,798,073	79,819,833,522
Others	46,194,861,331	19,390,356,807
	189,442,926,196	173,194,455,448

8 PROVISION FOR DOUBTFUL DEBTS

		30.6.20	17	
-	Cost	Recoverable amount	Provision	Number of overdue days
	VND	VND	VND	Days
				Over 6 months
				and under 5
Receivables that are past due	86,363,045,981	41,000,209,696	(45,362,836,285)	years
		31.12.2	016	
-	Cost	Recoverable amount	Provision	Number of overdue days
	VND	VND	VND	Days
				Over 6 months
				and under 5
Receivables that are past due	69,673,553,721	25,413,684,058	(44,259,869,663)	years
Receivables that are past due	09,070,000,721	20,410,004,000	(44,200,000,000)	youro

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9 INVENTORIES

	30.6.2017		31.12	2.2016
-	Cost	Provision	Cost	Provision
	VND	VND	VND	VND
Goods in transit	90,606,320,896	-	33,931,135,537	-
Raw materials	1,351,409,647	:=	1,792,014,813	F
Tools and supplies	1,743,483,513	:=	2,505,719,355	s ≡
Work in progress	454,547,282	15	469,936,562	å ≖
Merchandises	617,120,124,195	(16,088,562,998)	844,153,414,096	(16,100,446,541)
Finished goods	325,602,370	2₩	2,596,848	9 <u>=</u>
Goods on consignment	72,901,771,345	\ -	102,905,572,765	11.50
	784,503,259,248	(16,088,562,998)	985,760,389,976	(16,100,446,541)

The Corporation has pledged a part of inventories with a commercial bank as a collateral asset for long-term borrowings granted by the commercial bank (Note 20).

Movements in the provision for decline in value of inventories during the period/year are as follows:

	For the 6-month	
	period ended	For the year ended
	30.6.2017	31.12.2016
	VND	VND
Beginning of period/year	16,100,446,541	30,086,714,085
Reversal of provision (Note 30	(11,883,543)	(14,346,225,198)
Increase from acquisition of in		359,957,654
End of period/year	16,088,562,998	16,100,446,541
10 TAXES RECEIVABLE FROM A	AND PAYABLE TO THE STATE BUDGET	
	ate Budget	
	ate Budget 30.6.2017	31.12.2016
		31.12.2016 VND
(a) Taxes receivable from the Sta	30.6.2017	
(a) Taxes receivable from the Sta	30.6.2017 VND	VND
Business income tax Personal income tax	30.6.2017 VND 1,006,920,315	VND 1,083,452,440
(a) Taxes receivable from the Sta	30.6.2017 VND 1,006,920,315 599,362,077	VND 1,083,452,440 613,448,058

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10 TAXES RECEIVABLE FROM AND PAYABLE TO THE STATE BUDGET (continued)

(b)	Taxes payable to the State Budget

	30.6.2017 VND	31.12.2016 VND (As restated – Note 43)
VAT output Business income tax Personal income tax Other taxes	7,093,356,702 11,569,052,443 1,430,442,444	5,060,854,446 14,763,470,719 1,455,661,282 7,977,200
	20,092,851,589	21,287,963,647

TAXES RECEIVABLE FROM AND PAYABLE TO THE STATE BUDGET (continued) 10

Movements of taxes receivable from the State Budget during the period are as follows:

riod As at 30.6.2017	Net off Reclassification Receivable	VND VND VND	(245,859,321) 169,327,196 1,006,920,315	(613,448,058) 599,362,077 599,362,077	2,439,652,920 2,894,820,042	(175,994,230) 864,975,379 864,975,379	254	(1,035,301,609) 4,073,317,572 5,366,077,813	
During the period	Settled	ONV	3	T	·	ı		ľ,	
	Incurred	ONV		r	•	ATT O		ı	
As at 1.1.2017	Receivable	ONV	1,083,452,440	613,448,058	455,167,122	175,994,230		2,328,061,850	
			Business income tax	Personal income tax	Overpaid VAT	Other taxes			

Movements of taxes payable to the State Budget during the period are as follows:

As at 30.6.2017	Payable VND	7,093,356,702 11,569,052,443 1,430,442,444	20,092,851,589
	Reclassification	2,439,652,920 169,327,196 599,362,077 864,975,379	4,073,317,572
period	Net off VND	(571,402,988,047) (245,859,321) (613,448,058) (175,994,230)	(572,438,289,656)
During the period	Settled	(170,043,965,952) (27,551,806,956) (10,597,049,714) (19,391,485,292)	(227,584,307,914)
	Incurred	741,039,803,335 24,433,920,805 10,585,916,857 18,694,526,943	794,754,167,940
As at 1.1.2017	Payable (As restated – Note 43) VND	5,060,854,446 14,763,470,719 1,455,661,282 7,977,200	21,287,963,647
		VAT output Business income tax Personal income tax Other taxes	

FIXED ASSETS

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Total	339,681,880,486 2,662,108,632 (2,151,726,222)	340,192,262,896	208,750,113,410 14,028,858,108 (2,135,559,565)	220,643,411,953	130,931,767,076	
Office equipment VND	13,648,989,395 226,041,714	13,875,031,109	12,594,022,662 8,479,354	12,602,502,016	1,054,966,733	
Motor vehicles VND	121,943,249,525 1,470,039,818 (2,006,226,222)	121,407,063,121	76,855,077,439 5,953,729,434 (2,006,226,221)	80,802,580,652	45,088,172,086	10.100.100.00
Machinery and equipment VND	105,314,513,695 803,310,000 (145,500,000)	105,972,323,695	67,120,235,558 5,772,326,054 (129,333,344)	72,763,228,268	38,194,278,137	11,000,001,00
Buildings	98,775,127,871 162,717,100	98,937,844,971	52,180,777,751 2,294,323,266	54,475,101,017	46,594,350,120	+00,04,404,44
Tangible fixed assets	Historical cost At as 1 January 2017 New purchases Disposals	At as 30 June 2017	Accumulated depreciation At as 1 January 2017 Charge for the period Disposals	At as 30 June 2017	Net book value At as 1 January 2017	At as so suffe zo 17
(a)			8			

Cost of fully depreciated fixed assets but still be in use as at 30 June 2017 was VND100 billion (31 December 2016: VND84.1 billion).

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11 FIXED ASSETS

(a)

Total	339,681,880,486 2,662,108,632 (2,151,726,222)	340,192,262,896	208,750,113,410 14,028,858,108 (2,135,559,565)	220,643,411,953	130,931,767,076	119,548,850,943
Office equipment VND	13,648,989,395 226,041,714	13,875,031,109	12,594,022,662 8,479,354	12,602,502,016	1,054,966,733	1,272,529,093
Motor vehicles VND	121,943,249,525 1,470,039,818 (2,006,226,222)	121,407,063,121	76,855,077,439 5,953,729,434 (2,006,226,221)	80,802,580,652	45,088,172,086	40,604,482,469
Machinery and equipment	105,314,513,695 803,310,000 (145,500,000)	105,972,323,695	67,120,235,558 5,772,326,054 (129,333,344)	72,763,228,268	38,194,278,137	33,209,095,427
Buildings	98,775,127,871 162,717,100	98,937,844,971	52,180,777,751 2,294,323,266	54,475,101,017	46,594,350,120	44,462,743,954
Tangible fixed assets	Historical cost At as 1 January 2017 New purchases Disposals	At as 30 June 2017	Accumulated depreciation At as 1 January 2017 Charge for the period Disposals	At as 30 June 2017	Net book value At as 1 January 2017	At as 30 June 2017

Cost of fully depreciated fixed assets but still be in use as at 30 June 2017 was VND100 billion (31 December 2016: VND84.1 billion).

11 FIXED ASSETS (continued)

(b) Intangible fixed assets

	Land use rights VND	Software VND	Total VND
Historical cost			
At as 1 January 2017	101,988,494,434	4,716,381,335	106,704,875,769
New purchases	-	277,931,968	277,931,968
At as 30 June 2017	101,988,494,434	4,994,313,303	106,982,807,737
Accumulated amortisation			
At as 1 January 2017	₩ 0	3,672,433,284	3,672,433,284
Charge for the period		299,681,081	299,681,081
At as 30 June 2017	-	3,972,114,365	3,972,114,365
Net book value			
At as 1 January 2017	101,988,494,434	1,043,948,051	103,032,442,485
At an 20 June 2017	101 088 404 434	1,022,198,938	103,010,693,372
At as 30 June 2017	101,988,494,434	=======================================	

Cost of fully amortised intangible fixed assets but still be in use as at 30 June 2017 was VND2.3 billion (31 December 2016: VND1.9 billion).

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12 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Total	934,696,415,019 144,763,200	934,841,178,219	19,468,954,349 23,529,028,747	42,997,983,096	915,227,460,670 891,843,195,123
Equipment VND	201,276,546,359 144,763,200	201,421,309,559	6,930,044,916	17,004,461,394	194,346,501,443
Buildings VND	727,299,868,660	727,299,868,660	11,110,909,433	24,565,521,702	716,188,959,227
Land use rights VND	6,120,000,000	6,120,000,000	1,428,000,000	1,428,000,000	4,692,000,000
	Historical cost As at 1 January 2017 New purchases	As at 30 June 2017	Accumulated depreciation As at 1 January 2017 Charge for the period	As at 30 June 2017	Net book value As at 1 January 2017 As at 30 June 2017

The Corporation was unable to gather information about similar properties as a basis for fair value comparison, therefore fair value of the investment properties as at 30 June 2017 was not disclosed in interim consolidated financial statements.

12 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

Investment properties include:

- The buildings, infrastructure and other equipment related to the living quarters of Nghi Son Refinery and Petrochemical Complex project ("Nghi Son Project") being held for lease by the Parent Company.
- Land use rights related to PSMT's land being held for lease.

As at 30 June 2017, total value of Nghi Son Project has been pledged with a commercial bank as a collateral asset for borrowings granted to the Corporation (Note 20).

13 CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

14

Details of construction in progress are presented as follows:

	30.6.2017	31.12.2016
	VND	VND
Project 41D Vung Tau	64,232,954,199	40,840,408,691
Cape Pearl Project	36,311,185,250	35,300,069,469
Other projects	944,772,979	944,772,979
Carlot projects		
	101,488,912,428	77,085,251,139
Movements of construction in progress during the period	/year are as follows:	
	For the 6-month	For the year
	period ended	ended
	30.6.2017	31.12.2016
	VND	VND
Beginning of period/year	77,085,251,139	133,979,477,868
Construction	24,403,661,289	612,348,211,927
Transfer to Investment Properties	₽ . □	(669,242,438,656)
End of period/year	101,488,912,428	77,085,251,139
End of period/year	=======================================	
LONG-TERM PREPAID EXPENSES		
Details of long-term prepaid expenses are as follows:		
	30.6.2017	31.12.2016
	VND	VND
Office rental (*)	104,131,455,886	106,519,112,192
Cost of LPG cylinders	60,464,603,965	61,430,299,515
Others	37,588,562,644	33,318,155,883
	202,184,622,495	201,267,567,590
		(

14 LONG-TERM PREPAID EXPENSES (continued)

Movements in long-term prepaid expenses during the period/year are as follows:

	For the 6-month period ended 30.6.2017 VND	For the year ended 31.12.2016 VND
Beginning of period/year	201,267,567,590	202,166,255,334
Increase	11,313,728,382	24,454,671,133
Allocation	(10,396,673,477)	(25,353,358,877)
End of period/year	202,184,622,495	201,267,567,590

^(*) The amount represents the prepayment to PetroVietnam for office leasing. This office rental prepaid expense was allocated on a straight-line basis over a period of 50 years from 2010.

15 GOODWILL

	For the 6-month	For the year
	period ended 30.6.2017 VND	ended 31.12.2016 VND
Beginning of period/year Increase Allocation (Note 34, 37)	15,415,319,894 - (876,686,144) 	15,427,708,216 (12,388,322)
End of period/year Details of goodwill are presented as follows:	14,538,633,750	15,415,319,894
	30.6.2017 VND	31.12.2016 VND
Nha Trang PST Binh Minh	14,538,633,750	111,494,894 15,303,825,000
	14,538,633,750	15,415,319,894

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16 SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

	30.6.2017 VND	31.12.2016 VND
Third parties		
Samsung Electronics Vietnam Thai Nguyen Company Limited	133,656,990,500	354,845,181,900
Dell Global B.V. (Singapore Branch) Microsoft Regional Sales Corporation	77,009,387,575 53,680,469,478	68,611,680,700 48,915,388,511
Industry Construction Corporation (DESCON) (Note 3)	40,761,733,214	79,430,928,503
Others	286,891,603,340	417,241,682,366
	592,000,184,107	969,044,861,980
Related parties (Note 40(b)(ii))		
PetroVietnam Binh Son Refining and Petrochemical Company	289,535,134,467	280,990,702,572
Limited	120,319,408,279	193,502,091,457
Others	753,862,157	2,877,153,146
	410,608,404,903	477,369,947,175
	1,002,608,589,010	1,446,414,809,155

The Corporation has no doubt on its ability to fully repay the payables when they come due. As at 30 June 2017, there was no balance of short-term trade account payable which is past due.

17 SHORT-TERM ACCRUED EXPENSES

	30.6.2017	31.12.2016
	VND	VND
	54 054 004 004	E0 00E 400 69E
Accrued costs related to Nghi Son Project (Note 12)	51,354,061,934	58,025,439,685
Warehouse rental and transportation	2,043,415,365	799,741,877
Interest expense	5,989,496,859	2,909,169,834
Accrued costs of services provided	7,164,300,000	:: = ;
Others	13,869,350,233	11,214,496,014
	00.400.004.004	72 049 947 410
	80,420,624,391	72,948,847,410

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18 UNEARNED REVENUE

(a) Short-term

	30.6.2017 VND	31.12.2016 VND
Rental of Nghi Son Project (Note 40(b)(vi)) (*) Others	27,272,727,273 13,674,418,146	27,272,727,273 3,090,016,777
	40,947,145,419	30,362,744,050

(b) Long-term

* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	30.6.2017 VND	31.12.2016 VND
Rental of Nghi Son Project (Note 40(b)(vi)) (*) Others	88,636,363,643	102,272,727,275 77,806,667
	88,636,363,643	102,350,533,942

^(*) This is the advance payment received from Nghi Son Refinery and Petrochemical Company Limited for leasing of living quarters and provision of other services to Nghi Son Project (Note 12).

19 OTHER SHORT-TERM PAYABLES

	30.6.2017 VND	31.12.2016 VND
Dividend payable (Note 26)	12,343,099,834	20,833,461,631
Payables to agents and customers	11,991,373,573	79,089,029,187
Payables to related parties (Note 40(b)(iv))	520,948,947	(1)
Others	61,206,130,557	40,705,327,592
	86,061,552,911	140,627,818,410

20 BORROWINGS

(a) Short-term borrowings

Î	As at 30.6.2017			- 655,455,540,658	359,967,177,594	- 262,919,778,935		346,050,188,155	Countries to contraspectations of	6,306,716,126	- 228,780,597,328		80,000,000,000	ľ	- 49,496,915,490	99,766,038,900	ı	E	9,610,139,621	37,000,000,000	0 21,626,201,115	0 2,156,979,293,922	
	Reclassification from long-ferm borrowings	ONV								•	J. • 85										7,762,903,150	7,762,903,150	
During the period	Renavments	VND		(968,778,792,083)	(131,721,834,387)	(585,545,698,850)		(614,272,277,895)			(511,669,583,103)		(31,516,939,015)	(25,000,000,000)	(53,349,172,995)	(99,840,601,711)	(122,228,000)	(42,545,726,255)	r.	(27,690,000,000)	(9,344,557,027)	(3,101,397,411,321)	
	Drawdowns	VND		920,808,515,977	359,967,177,594	494,271,165,557		501,011,070,913		6,306,716,126	377,509,774,134		91,171,703,010		49,496,915,490	99,766,038,900	3	25,348,936,249	9,610,139,621	7,600,000,000	5,111,621,000	2,947,979,774,571	
	700 1 1 100 1	ONV	rade	703,425,816,764	131,721,834,387	354,194,312,228		459,311,395,137		TOP	362,940,406,297		20,345,236,005	25,000,000,000	53,349,172,995	99,840,601,711	122,228,000	17,196,790,006	1	57,090,000,000	18,096,233,992	2,302,634,027,522	
			Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade	of Vietnam	ANZ Bank Vietnam Limited	Military Commercial Joint Stock Bank	Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank	for Industry and Trade	Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial	Bank for Industry and Trade	HSBC Bank Vietnam Limited	Vietnam Technological and Commercial	Joint Stock Bank	Orient Commercial Bank	Tien Phong Commercial Joint Stock Bank	Vietnam Export Import Bank	Vietnam Export Import Bank	Asia Commercial Bank	An Binh Commercial Joint Stock Bank	Individual borrowings (i)	Asia Commercial Bank (Note 20(b)) (ii)		

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20 BORROWINGS (continued)

(a) Short-term borrowings

(i) Unsecured loans are from individuals for the purpose of working capital funding and bear interest at the interest rate of 12% per annum. The borrowings have no fixed term of repayment.

The remaining balance comprises loans from commercial banks, in the form of short-term loans, credit terms or letter of credit. As at 30 June 2017, the Corporation had non-cancellable guarantee commitment for loans at commercial banks for the Corporation's subsidiaries with the total amount of VND4,085 billion (Note 14(b)) and PSD had guarantee commitment for Binh Minh with amount of VND20 billion (Note 41(b)). A part of inventories, receivables and short-term deposits (Note 3) were pledged as collateral assets for the loans. The interest rates are determined at the withdrawal dates or are adjustable from time to time by the banks.

20 BORROWINGS (continued)

(b) Long-term borrowings

	As at 30.6.2017 VND	291,491,993,190	291,491,993,190
	Reclassification to short-term borrowings VND	- (7,762,903,150)	(7,762,903,150)
During the period	Repayments	(1,198,790,000)	(1,198,790,000)
	Drawdowns	49,149,332,406	49,149,332,406
ļ	As at 1.1.2017 VND	1,198,790,000	251,304,353,934
		Asia Commercial Bank Asia Commercial Bank (ii)	

The loans have credit limit of VND400 billion and bear interest at the interest rate adjustable from time to time by the bank. The purpose of loan is Procject; rights arising from land rental contract; receivables and other rights arising from the Lease Agreement; and 5,345,200 shares of PSA to finance the investment in Nghi Son Project (Note 12). The loans have term of 9 years and are secured by assets formed from Nghi Son owned by the Parent Company.

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property. From 10 October 2016, since the Project was put into operation, the interest expense has been refunded by Nghi Son Refinery and Petrochemical Company Limited (Note 18), the lessee of the Project. Interest expense relating to Nghi Son Project (Note 12) before the Project completed had been capitalised in the value of the investment

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21 OTHER LONG-TERM PAYABLES

	30.6.2017 VND	31.12.2016 VND
Payable to Ba Ria - Vung Tau Province State		
Treasury (*)	7,030,627,285	7,030,627,285
LPG cylinders deposits	35,604,668,446	37,653,017,593
Long-term deposits	9,718,589,946	12,254,177,404
Others	4,972,355,727	9,639,173,324
	57,326,241,404	66,576,995,606

^(*) The balance represents rental fee payable to Ba Ria - Vung Tau Province State Treasury relating to a land rental contract. The annual rental fee payable was based on the notification of Ba Ria – Vung Tau Province State Treasury.

22 DEFERRED TAX

(a) Deferred tax assets

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxation authority. The offset amounts are as follows:

	30.6.2017 VND	31.12.2016 VND
Deferred tax assets: Deferred tax asset to be recovered within 12 months	189,110,129	189,110,129

The gross movement in the deferred income tax assets, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

	For the 6-month period ended 30.6.2017 VND	For the year ended 31.12.2016 VND
Beginning of period/year Charged to income statement	189,110,129 -	1,203,512,630 (1,014,402,501)
End of period/year (*)	189,110,129	189,110,129

^(*) Deferred income tax assets arise from provision for short-term doubtful debts.

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22 DEFERRED TAX (continued)

(b) Tax losses for which no deferred income tax asset was recognised

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for a maximum period of no more than five consecutive years from the year right after the year in which the loss incurred. The actual amount of tax losses that can be carried forward is subject to review and approval of the tax authorities and may be different from the figures presented in the subsidiaries' financial statements. However the Corporation did not recognise defer tax asset as the realisation of the related tax benefit through subsidiaries' future taxable income currently cannot be assessed as probable.

23 OWNERS' CAPITAL

(a) Number of shares

	30.6.2	017	31.12.	2016
-	Ordinary shares	Preference shares	Ordinary shares	Preference shares
Number of shares registered	86,600,124		86,600,124	
Number of existing shares in circulation	86,600,124		86,600,124	-

The Parent Company has only one class of ordinary shares which is not entitled to fixed dividend and has the par value of VND10,000/share. The shareholders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared and entitled to one vote per share at the Parent Company's shareholder meetings.

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23 OWNERS' CAPITAL (continued)

(b) Details of owners' shareholding

Pursuant to the 18th amended Business Registration Certificate dated 23 May 2016, charter capital of the Parent Company is VND866,001,240,000.

Detail of owners' shareholding of the Parent Company is as follows:

	30.6.2017	30.6.2017		
	VND	%	VND	%
PetroVietnam Other shareholders	209,738,510,000 656,262,730,000	24.22 75.78	209,738,510,000 656,262,730,000	24.22 75.78
	866,001,240,000	100	866,001,240,000	100

c) Movements of share capital

	Ordinary shares VND	Preference shares VND	Total VND
As at 1 January 2016 New shares issued	846,001,240,000 20,000,000,000	-	846,001,240,000 20,000,000,000
As at 31 December 2016	866,001,240,000		866,001,240,000
As at 30 June 2017	866,001,240,000		866,001,240,000

Par value per share: VND10,000.

24 MOVEMENTS IN OWNERS' EQUITY

Total	1,413,600,067,895 143,681,890,479	20,000,000,000	(20,527,948,932) (51,960,074,400)	(41,062,209,900) 	77,883,058,243 (8,573,642,875)	1,533,041,140,510
iistributed earnings s restated - Note 43) Treasury shares VND	(35,523,322,342)	ī	i i	(35,523,322,342)	1 1	(35,523,322,342)
Undistributed earnings (As restated – Note 43)	239,260,494,367	767,832,647	(20,545,440,224) (51,960,074,400)	(41,062,209,900)	77,883,058,243 (8,573,642,875)	339,451,908,337
Investment and development funds	173,203,515,481	- (767,832,647)	17,491,292	172,453,174,126	î î	172,453,174,126
Other capital VND	56,740,087,775	6 2	1 1	56,740,087,775	, ,	56,740,087,775
Share premium VND	133,918,052,614	1 1	I T	133,918,052,614	, ,	133,918,052,614
Share capital VND	846,001,240,000	20,000,000,000		866,001,240,000	a a	866,001,240,000
	As at 1 January 2016 Net profit for the year	Issuance of shares to employees Reversal of appropriated funds	Appropriations to funds Final dividend of 2015	Interim dividend of 2016 As at 31 December 2016	Net profit for the period Appropriations to bonus and welfare fund (*)	As at 30 June 2017

^(*) Appropriations to bonus and welfare fund mainly come from the Parent Company. According to the Decision No. 14/NQ-DVTHDK-DHDCD on 26 April 2017 bonus and welfare fund of 2016 of the Parent Company has been approved with total amount of VND7,940,578,038s.

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On 6 June 2017, the Corporation issued an announcement to pay the second dividend of 2016, at the ratio of 10% of share capital, amounting to VND86,600,124,000 and the date before ex-dividend date was on 19 July 2017 (Note 42).

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NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS 25

Details of non-controlling interests are as follows:		
	30.6.2017 VND	31.12.2016 VND
	VND	(As restated –
		Note 43)
		11010 40)
Share capital	180,340,175,225	178,750,402,225
Treasury shares	(795,000,000)	(795,000,000)
Investment and development fund	7,080,808,161	7,080,808,161
Undistributed earnings	13,480,596,360	(4,309,363,916)
	200,106,579,746	180,726,846,470
Movements in non-controlling interest are as follows:		
ı	For the six-month	
	period ended	For the year
	30.6.2017	ended 31.12.2016
	VND	VND
		(As restated –
		Note 43)
Beginning of period/year	180,726,846,470	157,365,807,173
Capital increased during the period/year	1,589,773,000	25,740,000,000
Share of net profit for the period/year	18,734,200,135	23,295,836,314
Appropriations to bonus and welfare fund	(172,319,859)	(1,544,581,672)
Dividends declared	(771,920,000)	(26,864,040,345)
Treasury shares repurchased	-	(795,000,000)
Increase from the acquisition of an indirect subsidiary		3,528,825,000
End of period/year	200,106,579,746	180,726,846,470

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26 DIVIDENDS PAYABLE

USD

EUR

GBP

27

	For the 6-month	
	period F	or the year ended
	30.6.2017	31.12.2016
	VND	VND
Beginning of period/year	20,833,461,631	34,158,820,320
Dividends payable during the period/year	771,920,000	119,886,324,644
Dividends paid in cash	(9,262,281,797)	(133,211,683,333)
End of period/year	12,343,099,834	20,833,461,631
OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS		
	30.6.2017	31.12.2016
Foreign currencies:		

Total amount of bad debts written off within 10 years from the write-off date is VND17,918,448,762. During the first half year of 2017 there was no additional bad debt written off.

136,837

278

205

1,190,756

332

205

28 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year, excluding ordinary shares repurchased by the Corporation and held as treasury shares:

	For the six-month period ended	
	30.6.2017 VND	30.6.2016 VND
Net profit after tax attributable to the shareholders of the Parent Company	77,883,058,242	86,120,675,754
Less expected temporary appropriation to bonus and welfare fund (*)	(1,357,100,319)	(990,440,849)
Net profit for the year attributable to the shareholders of the Parent Company	76,525,957,923	85,130,234,905
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (shares)	86,600,124	85,450,953
Basic earnings per share	884	996

^(*) According to the Decision No. 14/NQ-DVTHDK-DHDCD on 26 April 2017, bonus and welfare fund of the year 2017 is appropriated at 6% of the year 2017 profit after tax of the separate financial statements of the Parent Company.

29 REVENUE FROM SALE OF GOODS AND RENDERING OF SERVICES

	For the 6-month period ended	
	30.6.2017 VND	30.6.2016 VND
Revenue Sales of goods Rendering of services	4,109,102,009,240 641,526,891,878	4,335,334,739,439 556,634,747,666
	4,750,628,901,118	4,891,969,487,105
Sales deductions Trade discounts Sales allowances Sales returns	(33,858,101,211) (9,151,360,977) (10,934,251,378)	(44,474,448,965) (20,742,327,228) (28,261,270,060)
	(53,943,713,566)	(93,478,046,253)
Net revenue Net sales from sales of goods Net sales from rendering of services	4,055,158,295,674 641,526,891,878	4,241,155,135,913 557,336,304,939
	4,696,685,187,552	4,798,491,440,852

30 COST OF GOODS SOLD AND SERVICES RENDERED

	For the 6-month period ended	
	30.6.2017	30.6.2016
	VND	VND
Cost of merchandises sold	3,793,141,764,513	3,992,267,622,205
Cost of services rendered (*)	547,811,768,736	482,188,970,239
Reversal of provision for decline in value of		
inventory (Note 9)	(11,883,543)	(11,219,856,914)
	4,340,941,649,706	4,463,236,735,530

^(*) Included in the cost of services rendered is the interest expense relating to Nghi Son Project (Note 12), amounting to VND13,636,834,876 (Note 37), and being refunded by Nghi Son Refinery and Petrochemical Company Limited (Note 5) after the Project was put into operation.

31 FINANCIAL INCOME

	For the 6-month period ended	
	30.6.2017	30.6.2016
	VND	VND
Interest income from deposits and loans	26,613,149,283	19,569,993,532
Realised foreign exchange gains	2,778,057,631	4,175,287,556
Late payment charge, payment discount	ĕ	4,781,830,117
Others	311,887,804	253,505,924
	29,703,094,718	28,780,617,129

32 FINANCIAL EXPENSES

	For the 6-month period ended	
	30.6.2017	30.6.2016
	VND	VND
Interest expenses	49,849,271,347	38,179,184,198
Realised foreign exchange losses	1,332,644,734	1,793,756,817
Others	2,345,726,106	4,005,436,462
	53,527,642,187	43,978,377,477

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33 SELLING EXPENSES

	For the 6-month period ended		
	30.6.2017	30.6.2016	
	VND	VND	
Staff costs	43,348,705,070	45,120,774,774	
Transportation	8,423,132,063	19,289,050,373	
Marketing	1,195,592,636	9,057,107,509	
Depreciation	976,630,408	1,129,890,021	
Warehouse rentals	5,944,696,463	3,355,785,483	
Outside services	21,169,028,732	10,116,457,985	
Others	39,924,668,130	33,169,450,615	
	120,982,453,502	121,238,516,760	

34 GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

	For the 6-month period ended	
_	30.6.2017	30.6.2016
	VND	VND
Staff costs	38,885,578,923	26,877,014,839
Outside services	16,616,550,534	20,321,177,762
Depreciation and amortisation	4,226,477,336	4,613,370,728
Management fees (Note 40(a)(iv))	2,641,029,483	2,621,425,494
Additional/(reversal of) provision for doubtful debts	1,102,966,622	(5,768,524,934)
Goodwill allocation (Note 15)	876,686,144	
Others	29,393,572,918	19,069,510,305
	93,742,861,960	67,733,974,194

35 NET OTHER INCOME

	For the 6-month period ended	
	30.6.2017	3.06.2016
	VND	VND
Other income		
Allocation of LPG cylinders deposits	2,932,760,189	2,570,400,293
Contractual fines	6,018,068	954,629,982
Net gains on disposal of fixed assets	459,090,909	142,017,673
Sundry income	5,242,509,461	1,962,950,273
	8,640,378,627	5,629,998,221
Other expenses		
Fines	1,410,367,883	7,070,934,467
Tax penalty	1,678,692,819	1,581,862
Sundry expenses	560,197,801	796,236,079
	3,649,258,503	7,868,752,408
Net other income/(expense)	4,991,120,124	(2,238,754,187)
PRODUCTION OF CONTRACT OF THE STATE OF THE S		

36 BUSINESS INCOME TAX

The tax on the Corporation's profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the applicable tax rate of 20% as under current tax regulations as follows:

	For the 6-month period ended		
	30.6.2017 VND	30.6.2016 VND	
Net accounting profit before tax	121,051,179,183	128,281,213,827	
Tax calculated at a rate of 20% Effect of:	24,210,235,837	25,656,242,765	
Income not subject to tax	(1,803,165,854)	(3,390,413,856)	
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	911,203,804	571,710,507	
(Over)/under-provision in previous year	(59,691,848)	1,173,557,913	
Non-taxable losses	1,175,338,866	509,717,419	
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses		(1,274,542,416)	
Business income tax charge (*)	24,433,920,805	23,246,272,332	
Charged to interim consolidated income statement:			
Business income tax – current	24,433,920,805	23,246,272,332	

^(*) The business income tax charge for the 6-month period is based on estimated taxable income and is subject to review and possible adjustments by the tax authorities.

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37 COST OF OPERATIONS BY FACTOR

For the 6-month period ended		
30.6.2017	30.6.2016	
VND	VND	
3,990,711,222,374	4,159,644,577,100	
222,951,466,917	246,144,953,142	
189,002,855,109	176,150,426,816	
37,857,567,935	16,295,348,497	
876,686,144	:=	
13,636,834,876	Y#	
ots 1,102,966,622	(5,768,524,934)	
(11,883,543)	(11,219,856,914)	
103,522,376,007	70,962,302,777	
4,559,650,092,441	4,652,209,226,484	
	30.6.2017 VND 3,990,711,222,374 222,951,466,917 189,002,855,109 37,857,567,935 876,686,144 13,636,834,876 ots 1,102,966,622 (11,883,543) 103,522,376,007	

38 SEGMENT REPORTING

Geographical segments

The Corporation does not have any operation outside the territory of Vietnam, so no business report by geography is presented.

Business activity segments

Information of segment revenue and cost of sales based on the activities of the Corporation is as follows:

	Total	4,696,685,187,552 (4,340,941,649,706)	355,743,537,846		Total	4,798,491,440,852 (4,463,236,735,530)	335,254,705,322
e 2017	Other services VND	629,326,044,100 (546,827,109,923)	82,498,934,177	ne 2016	Other services VND	551,554,792,251 (484,481,681,839)	67,073,110,412
For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2017	Plastic resins, textile fibers and gas distribution VND	616,995,949,752 (600,681,413,399)	16,314,536,353	For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2016	Plastic resins, textile fibers and gas distribution VND	601,565,219,908 (580,864,772,773)	20,700,447,135
For the 6-mo	Petroleum and other industries materials and supplies VND	236,292,149,914 (179,843,127,898)	56,449,022,016	For the 6-m	Petroleum and other industries materials and supplies VND	267,404,999,829 (225,978,705,269)	41,426,294,560
	Electronic products and home appliances VND	3,214,071,043,786 (3,013,589,998,486)	200,481,045,300		Electronic products and home appliances VND	3,377,966,428,864 (3,171,911,575,649)	206,054,853,215
		Net revenue Cost of sales	Gross profit			Net revenue Cost of sales	Gross profit

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39 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR THE ITEMS OF THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(a) Cash held by the Corporation but restricted to use

Term deposits of the Corporation amounting to VND22 billion at commercial banks were pledged as collateral assets for guarantee agreements as disclosed in Note 3.

(b) Amount of loan actually withdrawn during the period

For the 6-month period ended		
30.6.2017	30.6.2016	
VND	VND	
2,997,129,106,977	2,886,924,990,227	
	30.6.2017 VND	

(c) Amount of loan principal actually paid during the period

	For the 6-month period ended		
	30.6.2017	31.12.2016	
	VND	VND	
Repayments for borrowings following normal			
borrowing contracts	3,102,596,201,321	2,808,574,019,826	

40 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The largest shareholder of the Corporation is Vietnam Oil and Gas Corporation ("PVN"), who owns 24.22% of share capital of the Corporation (Note 23(b)).

(a) Related party transactions

During the period, the following significant transactions were carried out with related parties:

		For the 6-month period ended	
		30.6.2017	30.6.2016
		VND	VND
i)	Sales of goods and services		
	PVN	64,426,425,383	76,697,467,519
	Related parties of PVN	26,841,630,615	98,631,324,494
	Affiliates	72,101,477,799	328,485,880,821
		163,369,533,797	503,814,672,834
		· ·	

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40 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

(a) Related party transactions (continued)

			For the 6-month	period ended
			30.6.2017	30.6.2016 VND
			VND	VIID
	ii)	Purchases of goods and services		
		PVN	8,131,038,696	22,387,979,537
		Related parties of PVN	581,513,485,846	287,889,476,748 20,848,182
		Affiliates	89,333,682	20,040,102
			589,733,858,224	310,298,304,467
	***	Compensation of key management		
	111)	Compensation of key management		
		Gross salaries and other benefits	2,329,934,432	2,264,809,250
	iv)	Others		
	•			12,584,310,600
		Dividend paid to PVN Management fee paid to PVN (Note 34)	2,641,029,483	2,621,425,494
n-v	ь	wind/war and balances with related parties		
(b)	P	eriod/year-end balances with related parties		
			30.6.2017 VND	31.12.2016 VND
	i)	Short-term trade accounts receivable (Note 5)		
		PVN	28,284,664,279	4,783,741,086
		Related parties of PVN	190,605,233,866	106,169,648,216
			218,889,898,145	110,953,389,302
			·	
	ii)	Short-term trade accounts payable (Note 16)		
		PVN	289,535,134,467	280,990,702,572
		Related parties of PVN	121,073,270,436	196,379,244,603
			410,608,404,903	477,369,947,175
	iii)	Short-term advances from customers		
		Related parties of PVN	11,356,897,176	-
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RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued) 40

(b)

Period/year-end balances with related parties (contin	nued)	
	30.6.2017 VND	31.12.2016 VND
iv) Other short-term payables (Note 19)		
PVN Related parties of PVN	488,846,947 32,102,000 —————————————————————————————————	
v) Short-term prepayment to suppliers (Note 6)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Related parties of PVN	1,351,009,558	
vi) Short-term unearned revenue (Note 18(a))		
Related parties of PVN	27,272,727,273	27,272,727,273
vii) Long-term unearned revenue (Note 18(b))		
Related parties of PVN	88,636,363,643	102,272,727,275

41 COMMITMENTS

Commitments under operating leases (a)

The Parent Company signed the non-cancellable operating land leases with Management Board of Nghi Son Economic Zone. The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	30.6.2017 VND	31.12.2016 VND
Over five years	54,191,290,810	54,191,290,810

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41 COMMITMENTS (continued)

(b) Commitments of credit guarantees

As at 30 June 2017, the Corporation has non-cancellable guarantee commitments for loans at commercial banks (referred to as "lenders") granted to the Corporation's subsidiaries with the total credit limit amounting to VND4,085 billion (Note 20(a)). Accordingly, the Corporation is responsible for repayments of principals, interests, guarantee costs and other underwriting expenses to lenders in case the guaranteed parties do not repay or repay not in a timely manner.

As at 30 June 2017, PSD has non-cancellable guarantee commitments for loans at a commercial bank granted to Binh Minh with the total credit limit amounting to VND20 billion (Note 20(a)). Accordingly, PSD is responsible for repayments of principals, interests, guarantee costs and other underwriting expenses to lenders in case the guaranteed party does not repay or repay not in a timely manner.

(c) Other commitments

As at 30 June 2017, the Corporation had a guarantee contract amounting to VND150 billion with a commercial bank to guarantee the repayment with regards to the advance payment received from Nghi Son Refinery and Petrochemical Company Limited (Note 12) by netting-off the amount with monthly revenue from the Nghi Son Project.

42 SUBSEQUENT EVENT AFTER THE DATE OF INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

On 6 June 2017, the Corporation issued the announcement to pay the final dividend of 2016 with the dividend payout ratio of 10% of par value per share, amounting to VND86,600,124,000 and the date before ex-dividend date is on 19 July 2017 (Note 24). On 8 August 2017, the dividend has been paid.

43 RESTATEMENTS

The Corporation has restated the prior year consolidated financial statements to correct a material accounting error identified during the preparation of interim consolidated financial statements for the current 6-month period. The restated adjustments relate to corporate income tax collection of years 2014 and 2015 of a subsidiary. The impact of the restatements is presented below:

		As previously		
Code	Items	reported	Adjustments	As restated
		VND	VND	VND
		ſŭ.		
300	LIABILITIES	4,579,147,052,293	3,400,792,365	4,582,547,844,658
310	Short-term liabilities	4,158,915,168,811	3,400,792,365	4,162,315,961,176
313	Taxes and other payables to			
	the State Budget	17,887,171,282	3,400,792,365	21,287,963,647
400	OWNERS' EQUITY	1,647,859,363,977	(3,400,792,365)	1,644,458,571,612
410	Capital and reserves	1,647,859,363,977	(3,400,792,365)	1,644,458,571,612
421	Undistributed earnings	272,012,928,770	(1,870,435,801)	270,142,492,969
421a	Undistributed post-tax profits			
	of the previous years	128,331,038,291	(1,870,435,801)	126,460,602,490
429	Non-controlling interests	182,257,203,034	(1,530,356,564)	180,726,846,470
	a management of the second control of the se			
440	TOTAL RESOURCES	6,227,006,416,270	-	6,227,006,416,270
5 (\$55)	2 3 5 5	8: C A		

The interim consolidated financial statements were approved by the Chairman on 14 August 2017.

Ha Van Phuong Preparer Nguyen Thi Thanh Chief Accountant Phung Tuan Ha Chairman

Cố PHẨN DỊCH VỤ TổNG HỢP